TEL:



August 9, 2016

Consolidated Financial Results for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 [Japanese GAAP]

Listed company name: Toyo Tanso Co., Ltd.

Stock exchange listing: Tokyo Stock Exchange, 1st Section

Stock code: 5310

Location of headquarters: Osaka, Japan

Website: http://www.toyotanso.co.jp
Representative: Takashi Konishi, President
Contact: Toshimi Boki, General Manager,
Finance and Accounting Department

81-6-6472-5811 (from overseas)

Scheduled date for submission

of quarterly report: August 10, 2016

Scheduled date for dividend payment:

Supplementary materials for quarterly

financial summaries: Yes

Quarterly financial results briefing: Yes (for securities analysts and institutional investors)

1. Consolidated financial results for the six months ended June 30, 2016

(From January 1, 2016 to June 30, 2016)

(1) Operating results (cumulative total)

(Millions of yen, rounded down)

(Percentages indicate changes from the same period in the previous fiscal year.)

	Net sales	Operating income			Ordinary income		Profit attributable to owners of parent	
		%		%		%		%
Six months ended June 30, 2016	16,941	(4.1)	513	45.2	257	(48.4)	241	(37.7)
Six months ended June 30, 2015	17,673	3.5	353	(39.7)	499	(5.9)	387	(57.6)

Note: Comprehensive income:

Six months ended June 30, 2016 (2,306) million yen (-%) Six months ended June 30, 2015 602 million yen (-%)

	Profit attributable to owners of parent per share (basic)	Profit attributable to owners of parent per share (diluted)
	yen	yen
Six months ended June 30, 2016	11.65	-
Six months ended June 30, 2015	18.70	18.66

(2) Financial position

(Millions of yen, rounded down)

	Total assets	Net assets	Equity ratio
			%
As of June 30, 2016	69,327	56,976	80.3
As of December 31, 2015	72,990	59,487	79.6
Reference: Shareholders' equity June 30, 2016 December 31		55,704 million yen 58,130 million yen	

2. Dividends

	Dividends per share (yen)						
	First quarter-end	Second quarter-end	Third quarter-end	Year-end	Total (Full year)		
Year ended December 31,	_	0.00	_	25.00	25.00		
2015	_	0.00	_	23.00	23.00		
Year ending December 31,	_	0.00					
2016 (Actual)	-	0.00					
Year ending December 31,			_	25.00	25.00		
2016 (Forecast)			_	23.00	25.00		

(Note) Revisions of projected dividends most recently announced: None

3. Consolidated results forecast for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2016

(From January 1, 2016 to December 31, 2016)

(Millions of yen, rounded down)

	(Fercentages indicate year-on-year changes					ear-on-year changes.)	
	Net sa	les	Operating incom	e Ordinar	y income	Profit attributable to owners of parent	Profit attributable to owners of parent per share
		%	Ç	6	%	%	yen
Fiscal year ending December 31, 2016	32,500	(8.6)	700 (11.4	500	(45.5)	350 (13.0)	16.88

(Note) Revisions of consolidated forecasts most recently announced: Yes

Please refer to "Notification of Differences between Consolidated Earnings Forecasts for First Half of Fiscal Year and Actual Results, and Revisions to Consolidated Earnings Forecasts for Fiscal Year," released on August 9, 2016, for details.

* Others

(1) Changes in significant subsidiaries during the period under review:

(Changes in specified subsidiaries accompanying changes in scope of consolidation): None New subsidiaries: ___ (name of company(ies))

Excluded subsidiaries: ___ (name of company(ies))

(2) Adoption of specific accounting methods for the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements: Yes

(Note) For details, please refer to "Adoption of specific accounting methods for the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements" on page 3 of the Attached Documents.

(3) Changes in accounting policies and accounting estimates and restatements

- 1) Changes in accounting policies due to revisions of accounting standards, etc.: Yes
- 2) Changes in accounting policies other than 1): Yes
- 3) Changes in accounting estimates: None
- 4) Restatements: None

(Note) For details, please refer to "Changes in accounting policies and accounting estimates and restatements" on page 3 of the Attached Documents.

(4) Number of shares outstanding (common stock)

1) Number of shares outstanding and issued at the end of period (including treasury stock)

As of June 30, 2016 20,750,688 shares As of December 31, 2015 20,750,688 shares

2) Number of treasury stock at the end of period

As of June 30, 2016 17,169 shares As of December 31, 2015 17,169 shares

3) Average number of shares during the period (quarterly cumulative total)

Six months ended June 30, 2016 20,733,519 shares Six months ended June 30, 2015 20,733,611 shares

* Implementation status of quarterly review procedures

This quarterly financial results report is not subject to the quarterly review procedures stipulated by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act. The review of quarterly consolidated financial statements has been completed at the time of release of this report.

* Disclaimer regarding appropriate use of forecasts and related points of note

(We urge you to be cautious in relying on forward-looking statements.)

Forward-looking statements such as the earnings forecasts in this material are based on currently available information and certain assumptions deemed rational, and are not intended as a guarantee that these forecasts will be achieved. Accordingly, actual results may differ significantly from these forecasts due to various factors. For more information on the preconditions of the forecasts and on precautionary notes concerning the usage of these forecasts, please refer to "Explanation of Information Regarding Consolidated Earnings Forecasts and Other Projections" on page 3 of the Attached Documents.

(How to acquire supplementary materials for financial summaries and information disclosed at our financial results briefing.)

We are scheduled to hold a financial results briefing for securities analysts and institutional investors on August 22, 2016. The materials distributed at the briefing are scheduled to be disclosed on TDnet and our website on that same day.

* Change in unit of presentation

Previously, figures in the Company's quarterly consolidated financial statements and other items were listed in thousand-yen units. However, beginning in the first quarter and the cumulative first quarter of the fiscal year under review, figures will be shown in million-yen units. For purposes of comparison, figures for the previous consolidated fiscal year and the first half in the previous fiscal year will be shown in million-yen units.

OAttached Documents

1. Qualitative Information Regarding Consolidated Results for the Six Months under Review	2
(1) Explanation Regarding Business Results	2
2. Items Regarding Summary Information (Others) ······	3
(1) Changes in significant subsidiaries during the six months under review ······	3
(2) Adoption of specific accounting methods for the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements	
(3) Changes in accounting policies and accounting estimates and restatements	3
3. Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements ······	5
(1) Quarterly consolidated balance sheets ·····	5
(2) Quarterly consolidated statement of income and quarterly consolidated statement of comprehensive income······	7
(Quarterly consolidated statements of income) ······	7
(Quarterly consolidated statement of comprehensive income)······	8
(3) Consolidated statements of cash flows······	9
(4) Notes on quarterly consolidated financial statements ······ 1	0
(Notes regarding the premise of a going concern) ······· 1	0
(Notes if the amount of shareholders' equity has changed significantly) ··················· 1	0
(Segment information) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0
(Additional information)······ 1	
(Significant subsequent events)····································	2
4. Supplementary Information····································	3
(1) Orders and sales by product category ····································	3
(2) Overview ······ 1	

1. Qualitative Information Regarding Consolidated Results for the Six Months under Review

(1) Explanation Regarding Business Results

During the first half of the consolidated fiscal year under review, although the US economy continued to expand gradually, Europe lost some of its strength and economic growth in emerging markets such as China continued to slow. Moreover, despite a recovery in corporate earnings and employment conditions, the outlook for the Japanese economy remains uncertain given the appreciation of the yen, the drop in crude oil prices and a weak stock market.

Toyo Tanso Group's business environment faced harsher competition with other companies overall. In this environment, demand in the solar cell market grew, while demand in the semiconductor market and general industries market was solid. However, demand in the LED market and carbon brush market was somewhat lackluster.

The Group attempted to counter this increasingly harsh competitive environment by carrying out measures to reform the business structure with the aim of shifting to a business structure that can ensure steady profits and building a foundation for future growth and expansion.

As a result, in the first half of the consolidated fiscal year under review, net sales fell 4.1% year on year to 16,941 million yen. On the income side, despite decreases attributable to the strong yen and the posting of a provision of allowance for doubtful accounts, operating income rose 45.2% to 513 million yen due to improvements in marginal profit and reductions in fixed costs. However, ordinary income fell 48.4% to 257 million yen due to foreign exchange losses. Moreover, profit attributable to owners of parent fell 37.7% to 241 million yen because, although subsidy income for the Takuma Division and a subsidiary in China was posted, the Company reversed deferred tax assets and posted impairment losses on some manufacturing facilities related to the porous carbon business.

The overall performance of each business segment was as follows. (Please refer to "4. Supplementary Information" for an overview of each product category.)

Japan

Although sales for metallurgical applications were solid, products for LED applications were weak, and sales of carbon products for mechanical applications were also poor. As a result, net sales fell 4.9% year on year to 8,679 million yen and operating income decreased 72.3% to 182 million yen.

United States

Sales of some metallurgical applications faltered, and sales of electronics-related products were disappointing. As a result, net sales fell 12.9% to 1,368 million yen. On the income side, we posted an operating loss of 235 million yen (compared to a 266 million yen operating loss in the same period of the previous fiscal year) due to the posting of 135 million yen of provision of allowance for doubtful accounts and other factors.

Europe

Although electronics-related products for solar cell applications were firm, sales of metallurgical applications and small carbon brushes were weak. As a result, net sales fell 5.2% year on year to 1,569 million yen and operating income decreased 68.9% to 16 million yen.

Asia

Carbon brush-related products and some metallurgical applications were weak, but demand increased for solar cell applications spurred by facility upgrades. As a result, net sales rose 0.1% year on year to 5,324 million yen and operating income increased 271.0% to 309 million yen.

(2) Explanation Regarding Financial Position

Total assets as of June 30, 2016, decreased by 3,663 million yen from the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year. This was primarily because, although the increase in equity-method affiliates led to a 447 million yen increase in investments and other assets, cash and deposits decreased by 654 million yen due to capital spending, notes and accounts receivable—trade fell 1,410 million yen, inventories decreased by 1,002 million and property, plant and equipment fell 1,247 million yen due to the posting of depreciation expenses.

Total liabilities decreased by 1,152 million yen from the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year. This was primarily because notes and accounts payable—trade decreased 254 million, interest-bearing liabilities fell 432 million yen and income taxes payable declined 313 million yen.

Total net assets decreased by 2,510 million yen from the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year. This was primarily due to a 2,415 million yen fall in the foreign currency translation adjustment.

(3) Explanation of Information Regarding Consolidated Earnings Forecasts and Other Projections

In the first half of the consolidated fiscal year under review, net sales were generally in line with forecasts, despite the effect of the strong yen. Despite decreases attributable to the strong yen and the posting of a provision of allowance for doubtful accounts, operating income surpassed forecasts due to improvements in marginal profit and reductions in fixed costs. However, ordinary income fell short of forecasts due to foreign exchange losses. Moreover, profit attributable to owners of parent totaled 241 million yen, compared to the forecast of a 150 million yen loss, because subsidy income for the Takuma Division and a subsidiary in China was posted, offsetting the reversal of deferred tax assets and the impairment losses on some manufacturing facilities related to the porous carbon business.

The Company has revised the earnings forecasts for the full year released on February 12, 2016, due to revisions to sales and income plans in light of the results in the first half of the fiscal year, the exchange rate and market trends, and plans to carry out business restructuring, such as closing and consolidating sales offices in Japan. (Assumed exchange rates for the second half of the fiscal year: 100 yen/US\$; 115 yen/EUR; and 15 yen/CNY)

2. Items Regarding Summary Information (Others)

(1) Changes in significant subsidiaries during the six months under review

None

(2) Adoption of specific accounting methods for the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements

Tax expense calculation

Tax expenses are calculated by multiplying profit before income taxes by an effective tax rate, which is reasonably estimated by applying tax effect accounting to estimated profit before income taxes for the fiscal year including the first half under review.

(3) Changes in accounting policies and accounting estimates and restatements

Application of accounting methods for business combinations

Toyo Tanso adopted the "Accounting Standard for Business Combinations" (ASBJ Statement No. 21 issued on September 13, 2013, hereinafter "Business Combinations Accounting Standard"), "Accounting Standard for Consolidated Financial Statements" (ASBJ Statement No. 22 issued on September 13, 2013, hereinafter "Consolidation Accounting Standard"), "Accounting Standard for Business Divestitures" (ASBJ Statement No. 7 issued on September 13, 2013, hereinafter "Business Divestitures Accounting Standard") and other standards from the first quarter of this consolidated fiscal year. Accordingly, the accounting method was changed to record the difference arising from changes in equity in subsidiaries that Toyo Tanso continues to control as capital surplus, and to record business acquisition costs as expenses for the fiscal year in which they occurred. In addition, regarding business combinations that became or will become effective from the start of the first quarter of this consolidated fiscal year, the accounting method was changed to retroactively reflect adjustments to the amount allocated to acquisition cost under provisional accounting treatment on the consolidated financial statements of the quarter in which the relevant business combinations became or will become effective. In addition, presentation of net income and others has been changed and "minority interests" has been changed to "non-controlling interests." Consolidated financial statements for the first half of the previous fiscal year and the previous fiscal year have been restated to reflect these changes in presentation.

The Business Combinations Accounting Standard and other standards were applied from the beginning of first quarter in accordance with the transitional treatments stated in Article 58-2 (4) of the Business Combinations Accounting Standard, Article 44-5 (4) of the Consolidation Accounting Standard and Article 57-4 (4) of the Business Divestitures Accounting Standard.

These changes have no impact on profit/loss.

Changes in valuation standards and valuation methods for inventories

The Group had primarily stated inventories (semi-finished goods, work in process [materials]) at costs determined by the moving-average method (the amount posted on the balance sheet is calculated by writing down the book value of assets that decreased in profitability), but beginning in the first quarter of the fiscal year under review, inventories will be stated at cost using the specific cost method (the amount

posted on the balance sheet is calculated by writing down the book value of assets that decreased in profitability).

This change is intended to ensure that the costs of inventories are managed exhaustively and in a timely manner, that inventories are valued more appropriately, and that inventories are reported in period profits/losses. The utilization of a newly introduced cost of sales accounting system is a good opportunity for this change.

The necessary records for receipt and payment of inventories for the specific cost method were not preserved in past consolidated fiscal years. Accordingly, it is not practically possible to calculate the cumulative effect when adopting this accounting method retroactively. Accordingly, the book value of inventories at the end of the previous fiscal year is used as the balance at the start of the first quarter of this fiscal year, and the specific cost method is used from the start of the fiscal year.

This change has a minimal impact.

3. Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Quarterly consolidated balance sheets

(Millions	of yen,	rounded	down)
(1,11110110			

	As of December 31, 2015	As of June 30, 2016
	Amount	Amount
sets		
Current assets		
Cash and deposits	11,627	10,973
Notes and accounts receivable - trade	13,047	11,636
Merchandise and finished goods	7,061	6,473
Work in process	7,778	7,459
Raw materials and supplies	2,168	2,072
Other	1,556	1,799
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(428)	(319)
Total current assets	42,810	40,094
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings and structures, net	8,680	8,878
Machinery, equipment and vehicles, net	10,774	9,910
Land	5,869	5,789
Construction in progress	1,076	471
Other, net	615	720
Total property, plant and equipment	27,016	25,769
Intangible assets	1,174	1,027
Investments and other assets	1,989	2,436
Total non-current assets	30,180	29,232
Total assets	72,990	69,327

(Millions of yen, rounded down)

	As of December 31, 2015	As of June 30, 2016	
	Amount	Amount	
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Notes and accounts payable - trade	2,408	2,154	
Electronically recorded obligations - operating	1,083	1,067	
Short-term loans payable	1,453	1,409	
Accounts payable - other	1,775	1,390	
Income taxes payable	403	89	
Provision for bonuses	384	256	
Other	3,829	4,290	
Total current liabilities	11,338	10,658	
Non-current liabilities			
Long-term loans payable	1,215	827	
Net defined benefit liability	140	137	
Asset retirement obligations	261	262	
Other	547	464	
Total non-current liabilities	2,164	1,692	
Total liabilities	13,503	12,351	
Net assets			
Shareholders' equity			
Capital stock	7,692	7,692	
Capital surplus	9,534	9,534	
Retained earnings	37,932	37,991	
Treasury shares	(59)	(59)	
Total shareholders' equity	55,100	55,159	
Accumulated other comprehensive income			
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	111	62	
Foreign currency translation adjustment	2,893	477	
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	25	5	
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	3,030	545	
Subscription rights to shares	102	100	
Non-controlling interests	1,254	1,170	
Total net assets	59,487	56,976	
Total liabilities and net assets	72,990	69,327	

(2) Quarterly consolidated statement of income and quarterly consolidated statement of comprehensive

income

(Quarterly consolidated statements of income)

Six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2016

	(Millions of yen, rounded down			
	Six months ended June 30, 2015	Six months ended June 30, 2016		
	Amount	Amount		
Net sales	17,673	16,941		
Cost of sales	13,555	12,667		
Gross profit	4,118	4,274		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	3,764	3,761		
Operating income	353	513		
Non-operating income				
Interest income	42	35		
Dividend income	5	6		
Foreign exchange gains	40	_		
Gain on currency options	15	127		
Share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method	_	49		
Other	89	106		
Total non-operating income	193	325		
Non-operating expenses				
Interest expenses	26	12		
Foreign exchange losses	_	546		
Other	21	22		
Total non-operating expenses	47	581		
Ordinary income	499	257		
Extraordinary income				
Gain on sales of non-current assets	5	49		
Gain on sales of investment securities	1	_		
Subsidy income	41	747		
Insurance income	86	12		
Gain on reversal of subscription rights to shares	_	1		
Total extraordinary income	134	811		
Extraordinary losses				
Loss on sales of non-current assets	0	0		
Loss on retirement of non-current assets	8	18		
Impairment loss	_	290		
Total extraordinary losses	8	309		
Income before income taxes and minority interests	625	760		
Income taxes	268	392		
Profit	357	368		
Profit (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	(30)	126		
Profit attributable to owners of parent	387	241		
= 1 Torit autrodiable to Owners of parent	367	241		

(Quarterly consolidated statement of comprehensive income)

Six months ended June 30, 2015 and 2016

	(Milli	ons of yen, rounded down)
	Six months ended June 30, 2015	Six months ended June 30, 2016
	Amount	Amount
Profit	357	368
Other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	17	(48)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	200	(2,633)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax	26	(20)
Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method	_	28
Total other comprehensive income	244	(2,674)
Comprehensive income	602	(2,306)
Comprehensive income attributable to:		
Owners of parent	579	(2,243)
Non-controlling interests	22	(63)

(3) Consolidated statements of cash flows

	(Millions of yen, rounded down)			
	Six months ended June 30, 2015	Six months ended June 30, 2016		
Cash flows from operating activities				
Income before income taxes and minority interests	625	760		
Depreciation	1,871	1,786		
Impairment loss	_	290		
Share of (profit) loss of entities accounted for using equity method	_	(55)		
Increase (decrease) in net defined benefit asset or liability	(86)	(75)		
Increase (decrease) in provision for bonuses	(90)	(105)		
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	(38)	86		
Interest and dividend income	(48)	(41)		
Interest expenses	26	12		
Foreign exchange losses (gains)	(40)	139		
Loss (gain) on sales of non-current assets	2	(31)		
Loss (gain) on sales of investment securities	(1)	_		
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable - trade	433	279		
Decrease (increase) in inventories	421	248		
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable - trade	679	254		
Other	(377)	(896)		
Subtotal	3,379	2,653		
Interest and dividend income received	48	52		
Interest expenses paid	(24)	(11)		
Income taxes paid	(503)	(422)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,900	2,272		
Cash flows from investing activities				
Payments into time deposits	(2,402)	(1,811)		
Proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits	2,368	2,246		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(1,507)	(1,144)		
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	4	52		
Purchase of intangible assets	(195)	(41)		
Purchase of investment securities	(84)	(6)		
Other	9	(10)		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(1,806)	(715)		
Cash flows from financing activities				
Net increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable	(829)	86		
Repayments of long-term loans payable	(752)	(371)		
Repayments of finance lease obligations	(16)	(11)		
Purchase of treasury shares	(0)	_		
Cash dividends paid	(457)	(516)		
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(24)	(21)		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(2,080)	(832)		
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	26	(754)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(959)	(30)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	9,061	7,147		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	8,101	7,116		

(4) Notes on quarterly consolidated financial statements

(Notes regarding the premise of a going concern)

Not applicable.

(Notes if the amount of shareholders' equity has changed significantly)

Not applicable.

(Segment information)

[Segment information]

I. Six months ended June 30, 2015 (From January 1, 2015 to June 30, 2015)

1. Information on net sales and the amount of profits (losses) by reportable segment

	(Millions of yen, rounded down									
_		Adjusted	Amount recorded in the							
	Japan	United States	Europe	Asia	Total	Adjusted amount (Note) 1	consolidated quarterly income statement (Note) 2			
Net sales							_			
(1) Sales to unaffiliated customers	9,126	1,570	1,656	5,319	17,673	_	17,673			
(2) Intersegment sales or transfers	2,945	45	17	59	3,067	(3,067)	_			
Total	12,072	1,615	1,673	5,378	20,741	(3,067)	17,673			
Segment profit (loss)	658	(266)	54	83	529	(175)	353			

⁽Notes) 1. Adjusted segment profit (loss) mainly takes into account the elimination of intersegment transactions and unrealized income.

2. Regional information

(Millions of yen, rounded down)

		North	North		sia	Rest of	
	Japan	America	Europe	Asia (including China)	China only	world	Total
Net sales	6,874	1,535	1,830	7,325	4,366	107	17,673
Composition (%)	38.9	8.7	10.4	41.4	24.7	0.6	100.0

⁽Notes) 1. Sales are based on the locations of our customers, and are categorized into the relevant country or region segment according to geographical proximity.

- 2. The major countries or regions included in each geographic segment (except Japan) are listed below.
 - (1) North America: United States
 - (2) Europe: France, Germany, Italy
 - (3) Asia: China, Taiwan, South Korea
- 3. Information related to impairment losses on non-current assets, goodwill and other for each reportable segment

(Important impairment losses related to non-current assets)

Not applicable.

^{2.} Segment profit (loss) has been adjusted to reflect the operating income recorded in the consolidated quarterly statement of income.

II. Six months ended June 30, 2016 (From January 1, 2016 to June 30, 2016)

1. Information on net sales and the amount of profits (losses) by reportable segment

(Millions of yen, rounded down) Amount Reportable segments recorded in the Adjusted consolidated amount quarterly United (Note) 1 Japan Europe Asia Total income States statement (Note) 2 8,679 (1) Sales to unaffiliated customers 1,368 1,569 5,324 16,941 16,941 (2) Intersegment sales or transfers 3,043 80 15 3,204 (3,204)65 1,585 Total 11,723 1,448 5,389 20,146 (3,204)16,941 Segment profit (loss) 182 (235)16 309 273 239 513

2. Regional information

(Millions of yen, rounded down)

		Asia North		sia	Rest of		
Jap	Japan	America	Europe	Asia (including China)	China only	world	Total
Net sales	6,800	1,370	1,745	6,932	4,863	92	16,941
Composition (%)	40.1	8.1	10.3	40.9	28.7	0.6	100.0

⁽Notes) 1. Sales are based on the locations of our customers, and are categorized into the relevant country or region segment according to geographical proximity.

- 2. The major countries or regions included in each geographic segment (except Japan) are listed below.
 - (1) North America: United States
 - (2) Europe: France, Germany, Italy
 - (3) Asia: China, Taiwan, South Korea
- 3. Information related to impairment losses on non-current assets, goodwill and other for each reportable segment

(Important impairment losses related to non-current assets)

(Millions of yen, rounded down)

	Japan	United States	Europe	Asia	Total
Impairment loss	290	_	_	_	290

In the Japan segment, sales plans for some manufacturing facilities related to the porous carbon business were expected to undercut initial forecasts, the utilization rate fell sharply due to the drop in production volumes, and the recoverable amount undercut the book value. As a result, the Company recognized an impairment loss.

⁽Notes) 1. Adjusted segment profit (loss) mainly takes into account the elimination of intersegment transactions and unrealized income.

^{2.} Segment profit (loss) has been adjusted to reflect the operating income recorded in the consolidated quarterly statement of income.

(Additional information)

(Effects of Changes in Corporate Tax Rates)

The "Law for Partial Revision of Income Tax Law" (Article 15, 2016) and the "Law for Partial Revision of Local Tax Law, etc." (Article 13, 2016) went into effect on March 31, 2016, resulting in a reduction in corporate tax rates from fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2016.

This change has a minimal impact.

(Significant subsequent events)

(Impairment loss)

At the Board of Directors meeting held on August 9, 2016, the Company decided to consolidate the Company's sales offices to raise efficiency and streamline operations, and will accordingly close the Tsukuba sales office and the Shizuoka sales office.

As a result, the Company expects to post an 85 million yen extraordinary loss in the third quarter of this consolidated fiscal year.

4. Supplementary Information

(1) Orders and sales by product category

i. Orders

(Millions of yen, rounded down)

		Year o	ended Dec	Year ending December 31, 2016					
Products	1Q	2Q	1H	3Q	4Q	Fiscal year total	1Q	2Q	1H
Special graphite products	3,942	3,757	7,699	3,466	3,498	14,664	3,710	3,035	6,746
Carbon products for general industries (for mechanical applications)	815	841	1,657	636	660	2,953	806	756	1,562
Carbon products for general industries (for electrical applications)	1,427	1,430	2,857	1,326	1,344	5,528	1,223	1,064	2,288
Compound materials and other products	2,645	3,019	5,665	2,201	2,735	10,602	2,106	2,236	4,342
Total	8,831	9,048	17,879	7,630	8,238	33,748	7,846	7,092	14,939

(Notes) These orders were denominated in foreign currency prior to the previous quarter; discrepancies resulting from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates during the quarter under review are included in the figure for orders placed in this quarter.

ii. Outstanding orders

(Millions of yen, rounded down)

		Year ended De	Year ending December 31, 2016			
Products	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q
Special graphite products*2	5,628	5,575	5,607	5,727	5,567	5,231
Carbon products for general industries (for mechanical applications)	422	437	382	424	441	459
Carbon products for general industries (for electrical applications)	1,133	1,177	1,130	1,237	1,067	886
Compound materials and other products	2,043	2,692	2,315	2,240	1,950	1,917
Total	9,228	9,882	9,436	9,629	9,026	8,495

⁽Notes) 1 These orders were denominated in foreign currency prior to the previous quarter; discrepancies resulting from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates during the quarter under review are included in the figure for orders placed in this quarter.

² Outstanding orders for special graphite products include orders for the Chinese high-temperature reactor—pebble-bed modules (HTR-PM). Outstanding orders in the quarter under review include 3,206 million yen attributable to such orders.

iii. Sales performance by product category

(Millions of yen, rounded down)

		Year	Year en	Year ending December 31, 2016					
Products	1Q	2Q	1Н	3Q	4Q	Fiscal year total	1Q	2Q	1H
Special graphite products	3,699	4,413	8,112	3,679	3,759	15,551	3,996	3,631	7,627
[Electronics applications]	1,241	1,514	2,755	1,066	1,216	5,038	1,574	1,291	2,866
[General industries applications]	2,021	2,439	4,460	2,167	2,136	8,765	1,981	1,955	3,936
[Others]	436	459	896	444	406	1,747	440	383	824
Carbon products for general industries (for mechanical applications)	818	813	1,631	699	702	3,033	791	766	1,557
Carbon products for general industries (for electrical applications)	1,283	1,404	2,687	1,374	1,317	5,380	1,291	1,219	2,511
Compound materials and other products	2,295	2,436	4,732	2,609	2,844	10,186	2,458	2,261	4,719
[3 major products]	1,992	2,128	4,120	2,285	2,468	8,874	2,162	1,960	4,123
[Other products]	302	308	611	324	376	1,312	295	300	596
Related goods	350	159	509	311	586	1,407	247	278	525
Total	8,446	9,227	17,673	8,674	9,210	35,558	8,785	8,156	16,941

(2) Overview

Special graphite products

In electronics applications, performance slightly exceeded that in the same period of the previous fiscal year, mainly due to solid demand for solar cell applications resulting from facility upgrades in China.

In general industries applications, demand for products for continuous casting was poor, and that for products for EDM electrodes were weak. As a result, performance undercut that in the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Therefore, special graphite products overall performed worse than in the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Carbon products for general industries

Despite solid sales of pantograph sliders, sales of carbon products for mechanical applications fell slightly year on year mainly due to low demand for bearings.

Sales of carbon products for electrical applications undercut those in the same period of the previous fiscal year mainly due to the weak performance of electrical power tool applications, offsetting flat demand for cleaner applications.

Compound materials and other products

Sales of SiC (silicon carbide)-coated graphite products fell short of levels in the same period of the previous fiscal year due to the poor performance of semiconductor applications and a decline in demand for LED applications. C/C composite products surpassed their performance in the same period of the previous fiscal year as sales promotion activities for industrial furnace applications progressed in Japan and overseas and semiconductor and solar cell applications were also robust. Sales of graphite sheet products were up over the same period of the previous fiscal year due to solid demand for electronics-related applications and a solid performance from automotive applications.